Deutsches institut für Bautechnik

Zulassungsstelle für Bauprodukte und Bauarten

Bautechnisches Prüfamt

Eine vom Bund und den Ländern gemeinsam getragene Anstalt des öffentlichen Rechts

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Mitglied der EOTA Member of EOTA

European Technical Approval ETA-10/0012

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

Handelsbezeichnung Trade name

fischer Injektionssystem FIS EM fischer injection system FIS EM

Zulassungsinhaber Holder of approval

fischerwerke GmbH & Co. KG Otto-Hahn-Straße 15

zur Verankerung im Beton

Verbunddübel in den Größen Ø 8 mm bis Ø 40 mm

Bonded anchor in the size of Ø 8 mm to Ø 40 mm

79211 Denzlingen DEUTSCHLAND

Zulassungsgegenstand und Verwendungszweck

Generic type and use of construction product

Geltungsdauer:

Validity:

from bis

vom

to

22 June 2012 16 February 2015

for use in concrete

Herstellwerk Manufacturing plant fischerwerke

Diese Zulassung umfasst This Approval contains

29 Seiten einschließlich 20 Anhänge 29 pages including 20 annexes

Diese Zulassung ersetzt This Approval replaces

ETA-10/0012 mit Geltungsdauer vom 01.06.2011 bis 16.02.2015 ETA-10/0012 with validity from 01.06.2011 to 16.02.2015



Europäische Organisation für Technische Zulassungen European Organisation for Technical Approvals



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I LEGAL BASES AND GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1 This European technical approval is issued by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik in accordance with:
 - Council Directive 89/106/EEC of 21 December 1988 on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions of Member States relating to construction products¹, modified by Council Directive 93/68/EEC² and Regulation (EC) N° 1882/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council³;
 - Gesetz über das In-Verkehr-Bringen von und den freien Warenverkehr mit Bauprodukten zur Umsetzung der Richtlinie 89/106/EWG des Rates vom 21. Dezember 1988 zur Angleichung der Rechts- und Verwaltungsvorschriften der Mitgliedstaaten über Bauprodukte und anderer Rechtsakte der Europäischen Gemeinschaften (Bauproduktengesetz - BauPG) vom 28. April 1998⁴, as amended by law of 31 October 2006⁵;
 - Common Procedural Rules for Requesting, Preparing and the Granting of European technical approvals set out in the Annex to Commission Decision 94/23/EC⁶;
 - Guideline for European technical approval of "Metal anchors for use in concrete Part 5: Bonded anchors", ETAG 001-05.
- Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik is authorized to check whether the provisions of this European technical approval are met. Checking may take place in the manufacturing plant. Nevertheless, the responsibility for the conformity of the products to the European technical approval and for their fitness for the intended use remains with the holder of the European technical approval.
- This European technical approval is not to be transferred to manufacturers or agents of manufacturers other than those indicated on page 1, or manufacturing plants other than those indicated on page 1 of this European technical approval.
- This European technical approval may be withdrawn by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik, in particular pursuant to information by the Commission according to Article 5(1) of Council Directive 89/106/EEC.
- Reproduction of this European technical approval including transmission by electronic means shall be in full. However, partial reproduction can be made with the written consent of Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik. In this case partial reproduction has to be designated as such. Texts and drawings of advertising brochures shall not contradict or misuse the European technical approval.
- The European technical approval is issued by the approval body in its official language. This version corresponds fully to the version circulated within EOTA. Translations into other languages have to be designated as such.

Z40361.12

Official Journal of the European Communities L 40, 11 February 1989, p. 12

Official Journal of the European Communities L 220, 30 August 1993, p. 1

Official Journal of the European Union L 284, 31 October 2003, p. 25

Bundesgesetzblatt Teil I 1998, p. 812

⁵ Bundesgesetzblatt Teil I 2006, p. 2407, 2416

Official Journal of the European Communities L 17, 20 January 1994, p. 34



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II SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF THE EUROPEAN TECHNICAL APPROVAL

1 Definition of product and intended use

1.1 Definition of the construction product

The fischer injection system FIS EM is a bonded anchor consisting of a cartridge with injection mortar fischer FIS EM and a steel element. The steel elements are either

- fischer anchor rods in the range of M8 to M30 or
- fischer internal threaded anchor RG MI in the range of M8 to M20 or
- Reinforcing bar in the range of Ø 8 to Ø 40 or
- fischer rebar anchor FRA in the range of 12 to 24.

The steel element is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar and is anchored via the bond between metal part, injection mortar and concrete.

An illustration of the product and intended use is given in Annexes 1 and 2.

1.2 intended use

The anchor is intended to be used for anchorages for which requirements for mechanical resistance and stability and safety in use in the sense of the Essential Requirements 1 and 4 of Council Directive 89/106 EEC shall be fulfilled and failure of anchorages made with these products would cause risk to human life and/or lead to considerable economic consequences. Safety in case of fire (Essential Requirement 2) is not covered in this European technical approval. The anchor is to be used only for anchorages subject to static or quasi-static loading in reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete of strength classes C20/25 at minimum and C50/60 at most according to EN 206:2000-12.

The anchor may be used in cracked or non-cracked concrete.

The anchor may be installed in dry or wet concrete or in flooded holes.

The anchor may be used in the following temperature ranges:

Temperature range I: -40 °C to +60 °C (max long term temperature +35 °C and

max short term temperature +60 °C)

Temperature range II: -40 °C to +72 °C (max long term temperature +50 °C and

max short term temperature +72 °C)

Elements made of zinc coated steel:

The element made of zinc plated or hot dipped galvanised steel may only be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions.

Elements made of stainless steel:

The element made of stainless steel may be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions and also in structures subject to external atmospheric exposure (including industrial and marine environment), or exposure to permanently damp internal conditions, if no particular aggressive conditions exist. Such particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).



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Elements made of high corrosion resistant steel:

The element made of high corrosion resistant steel may be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions and also in structures subject to external atmospheric exposure, in permanently damp internal conditions or in other particular aggressive conditions. Such particular aggressive conditions are e. g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

Elements made of reinforcing bars:

Post-installed reinforcing bars may be used as anchor designed in accordance with the EOTA Technical Report TR 029 only. Such applications are e.g. concrete overlay or shear dowel connections or the connections of a wall predominantly loaded by shear and compression forces with the foundation, where the reinforcing bars act as dowels to take up shear forces. Connections with post-installed reinforcing bars in concrete structures designed in accordance with EN1992-1-1: 2004 are not covered by this European technical approval.

The provisions made in this European technical approval are based on an assumed working life of the anchor of 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

2 Characteristics of the product and methods of verification

2.1 Characteristics of the product

The anchor corresponds to the drawings and provisions given in Annexes 1 to 7. The characteristic material values, dimensions and tolerances of the anchor not indicated in Annex 1 to 7 shall correspond to the respective values laid down in the technical documentation⁷ of this European technical approval.

The characteristic values for the design of anchorages are given in Annexes 11 to 20.

The two components of the injection mortar fischer FIS EM are delivered in unmixed condition in side-by side-cartridges of sizes 390 ml, 585 ml, 1100 ml or 1500 ml according to Annex 1. Each cartridge is marked with the imprint "fischer FIS EM", with processing notes, shelf life, curing time, processing time (depending on temperature), hazard code.

Each fischer anchor rod is marked with the identifying mark of the producer and property class in accordance with Annex 3.

Each fischer internal threaded anchor RG MI is marked with the marking of steel grade and length in accordance with Annex 4. Each fischer internal threaded anchor RG MI made of stainless steel is marked with the additional letter "A4". Each fischer internal threaded anchor RG MI made of high corrosion resistant steel is marked with the additional letter "C".

Each fischer rebar anchor FRA is marked with the identifying mark of the producer and the trade name according to Annex 7.

Elements made of reinforcing bars shall comply with the specifications given in Annex 6.

The marking of embedment depth may be done on jobsite.

The technical documentation of this European technical approval is deposited at the Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik and, as far as relevant for the tasks of the approved bodies involved in the attestation of conformity procedure, is handed over to the approved bodies.



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2.2 Methods of verification

The assessment of fitness of the anchor for the intended use in relation to the requirements for mechanical resistance and stability and safety in use in the sense of the Essential Requirements 1 and 4 has been made in accordance with the "Guideline for European technical approval of Metal Anchors for Use in Concrete", Part 1 "Anchors in general" and Part 5 "Bonded anchors", on the basis of Option 1.

In addition to the specific clauses relating to dangerous substances contained in this European technical approval, there may be other requirements applicable to the products falling within its scope (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions). In order to meet the provisions of the Construction Products Directive, these requirements need also to be complied with, when and where they apply.

3 Evaluation and attestation of conformity and CE marking

3.1 System of attestation of conformity

According to the Decision 96/582/EG of the European Commission⁸ system 2(i) (referred to as System 1) of the attestation of conformity applies.

This system of attestation of conformity is defined as follows:

System 1: Certification of the conformity of the product by an approved certification body on the basis of:

- (a) Tasks for the manufacturer:
 - (1) factory production control:
 - (2) further testing of samples taken at the factory by the manufacturer in accordance with a prescribed control plan;
- (b) Tasks for the approved body:
 - (3) initial type-testing of the product;
 - (4) initial inspection of factory and of factory production control;
 - (5) continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of factory production control.

Note: Approved bodies are also referred to as "notified bodies".

3.2 Responsibilities

3.2.1 Tasks for the manufacturer

3.2.1.1 Factory production control

The manufacturer shall exercise permanent internal control of production. All the elements, requirements and provisions adopted by the manufacturer shall be documented in a systematic manner in the form of written policies and procedures, including records of results performed. This production control system shall insure that the product is in conformity with this European technical approval.

The manufacturer may only use initial/raw/constituent materials stated in the technical documentation of this European technical approval.

Official Journal of the European Communities L 254 of 08.10.1996



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The factory production control shall be in accordance with the control plan which is part of the technical documentation of this European technical approval. The control plan is laid down in the context of the factory production control system operated by the manufacturer and deposited at Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.⁹

The results of factory production control shall be recorded and evaluated in accordance with the provisions of the control plan.

3.2.1.2 Other tasks for the manufacturer

The manufacturer shall, on the basis of a contract, involve a body which is approved for the tasks referred to in section 3.1 in the field of anchors in order to undertake the actions laid down in section 3.2.2 For this purpose, the control plan referred to in sections 3.2.1.1 and 3.2.2 shall be handed over by the manufacturer to the approved body involved.

The manufacturer shall make a declaration of conformity, stating that the construction product is in conformity with the provisions of this European technical approval.

3.2.2 Tasks for the approved bodies

The approved body shall perform the

- initial type-testing of the product,
- initial inspection of factory and of factory production control,
- continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of factory production control

in accordance with the provisions laid down in the control plan.

The approved body shall retain the essential points of its actions referred to above and state the results obtained and conclusions drawn in a written report.

The approved certification body involved by the manufacturer shall issue an EC certificate of conformity of the product stating the conformity with the provisions of this European technical approval.

In cases where the provisions of the European technical approval and its control plan are no longer fulfilled the certification body shall withdraw the certificate of conformity and inform Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik without delay.

3.3 CE marking

The CE marking shall be affixed on each packaging of the anchor. The letters "CE" shall be followed by the identification number of the approved certification body, where relevant, and be accompanied by the following additional information:

- the name and address of the producer (legal entity responsible for the manufacture),
- the last two digits of the year in which the CE marking was affixed.
- the number of the EC certificate of conformity for the product,
- the number of the European technical approval,
- the number of the guideline for European technical approval,
- use category (ETAG 001-1, Option 1),
- size.

The control plan is a confidential part of the European technical approval and only handed over to the approved body involved in the procedure of attestation of conformity. See section 3.2.2.



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Assumptions under which the fitness of the product for the intended use was favourably assessed

4.1 Manufacturing

The European technical approval is issued for the product on the basis of agreed data/information, deposited at Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik, which identifies the product that has been assessed and judged. Changes to the product or production process, which could result in this deposited data/information being incorrect, should be notified to Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik before the changes are introduced. Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik will decide whether or not such changes affect the approval and consequently the validity of the CE marking on the basis of the approval and if so whether further assessment or alterations to the approval shall be necessary.

4.2 Design of anchorages

The fitness of the anchor for the intended use is given under the following conditions:

The anchorages are designed in accordance with the EOTA Technical Report TR 029 "Design of bonded anchors" under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.

Post-installed reinforcing bars may be used as anchor designed in accordance with the EOTA Technical Report TR 029 only. The basic assumptions for the design according to anchor theory shall be observed. This includes the consideration of tension and shear loads and the corresponding failure modes as well as the assumption that the base material (concrete structural element) remains essentially in the serviceability limit state (either non-cracked or cracked) when the connection is loaded to failure. Such applications are e.g. concrete overlay or shear dowel connections or the connections of a wall predominantly loaded by shear and compression forces with the foundation, where the reinforcing bars act as dowels to take up shear forces. Connections with reinforcing bars in concrete structures designed in accordance with EN 1992-1-1:2004 (e.g. connection of a wall loaded with tension forces in one layer of the reinforcement with the foundation) are not covered by this European technical approval.

Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the loads to be anchored.

For the fischer internal threaded anchor RG MI fastening screws or threaded rods made of appropriate steel and strength class acc. to Annex 5 shall be specified. The minimum and maximum thread engagement length $I_{\rm E}$ of the fastening screw or the threaded rod for installation of the fixture shall be met the requirements according to Annex 4, Table 2. The length of the fastening screw or the threaded rod shall be determined depending on thickness of fixture, admissible tolerances, available thread length and minimum and maximum thread engagement length $I_{\rm E}$.

The position of the anchor is indicated on the design drawings (e.g. position of the anchor relative to reinforcement or to supports, etc.).



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4.3 Installation of anchors

The fitness for use of the anchor can only be assumed if the anchor is installed as follows:

- anchor installation carried out by appropriately qualified personnel and under the supervision
 of the person responsible for technical matters of the site,
- use of the anchor only as supplied by the manufacturer without exchanging the components,
- anchor installation in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and drawings using the tools indicated in the technical documentation of this European technical approval,
- commercial standard threaded rods, washers and hexagon nuts may also be used if the following requirements are fulfilled:
 - material, dimensions and mechanical properties of the metal parts according to the specifications given in Annex 5, Table 3,
 - confirmation of material and mechanical properties of the metal parts by inspection certificate 3.1 according to EN 10204:2004, the documents should be stored,
 - marking of the threaded rod with the envisage embedment depth. This may be done by the manufacturer of the rod or the person on jobsite.
- reinforcing bars shall comply with specifications given in Annex 6,
- checks before placing the anchor to ensure that the strength class of the concrete in which
 the anchor is to be placed is in the range given and is not lower than that of the concrete to
 which the characteristic loads apply,
- check of concrete being well compacted, e.g. without significant voids,
- marking and keeping the effective anchorage depth,
- edge distance and spacing not less than the specified values without minus tolerances,
- positioning of the drill holes without damaging the reinforcement,
- drilling by hammer-drilling or diamond drilling,
- in case of aborted drill hole: the drill hole shall be filled with mortar,
- cleaning the drill hole and installation in accordance with Annexes 8 to 10,
- during installation and curing of the chemical mortar the anchor component installation temperature shall be at least 5 °C;
- during curing of the chemical mortar the temperature of the concrete must not fall below +5 °C; observing the curing time according to Annex 5, Table 4 until the anchor may be loaded.
- for installation in bore holes h₀ > 150 mm extension hoses acc. Annex 1 shall be used,
- for overhead installation or in bore hole depth h₀ > 250 mm injection-funnels acc. to Annex 1 shall be used.
- Fastening screw or threaded rods (including nut and washer) must comply with the appropriate material and strength class of the fischer internal threaded anchor RG MI,
- installation torque moments are not required for functioning of the anchor. However, the torque moments given in Annex 3, 4 and 7 must not be exceeded.



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5 Indications to the manufacturer

5.1 Responsibility of the manufacturer

The manufacturer is responsible to ensure that the information on the specific conditions according to 1 and 2 including Annexes referred to as well as sections 4.2, 4.3 and 5.2 is given to those who are concerned. This information may be made by reproduction of the respective parts of the European technical approval.

In addition all installation data shall be shown clearly on the package and/or on an enclosed instruction sheet, preferably using illustration(s).

The minimum data required are:

- drill bit diameter.
- hole depth;
- diameter of anchor rod,
- minimum effective anchorage depth;
- information on the installation procedure, including cleaning of the hole with the cleaning equipments, preferably by means of an illustration,
- anchor component installation temperature,
- material and property class of metal parts acc. to Annex 5, Table 3,
- ambient temperature of the concrete during installation of the anchor,
- admissible processing time (open time) of the mortar,
- curing time until the anchor may be loaded as a function of the ambient temperature in the concrete during installation,
- torque moment;
- identification of the manufacturing batch,

All data shall be presented in a clear and explicit form.

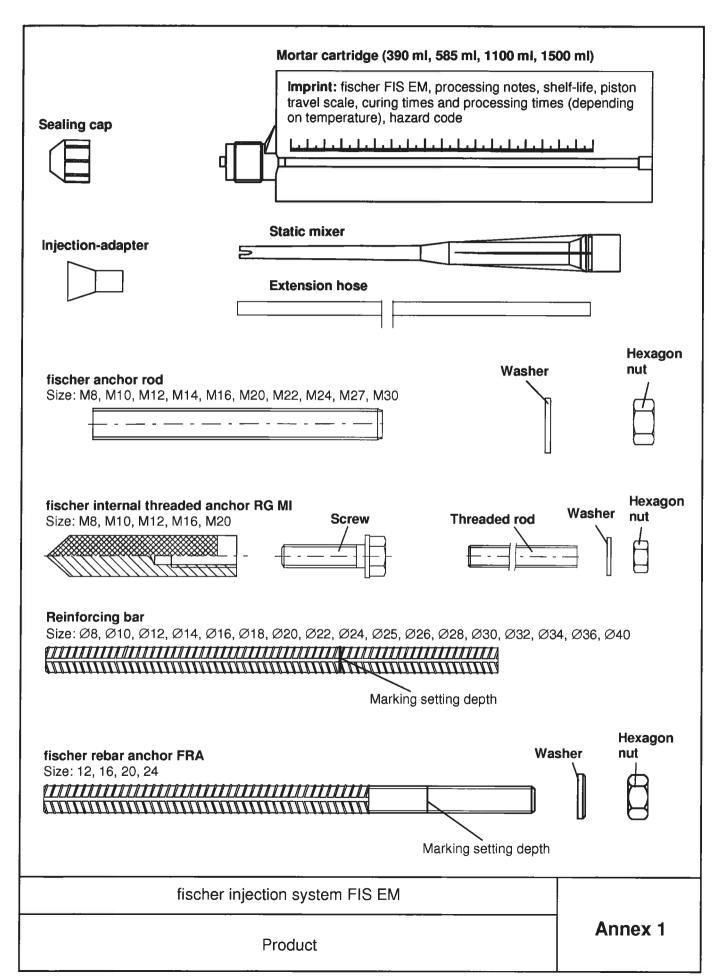
5.2 Packaging, transport and storage

The cartridges shall be protected against sun radiation and shall be stored according to the manufacturer's installation instructions in dry condition at temperatures of at least +5 °C to not more than +30 °C.

Cartridges with expired shelf life must no longer be used.

Georg Feistel Head of Department beglaubigt: Baderschneider







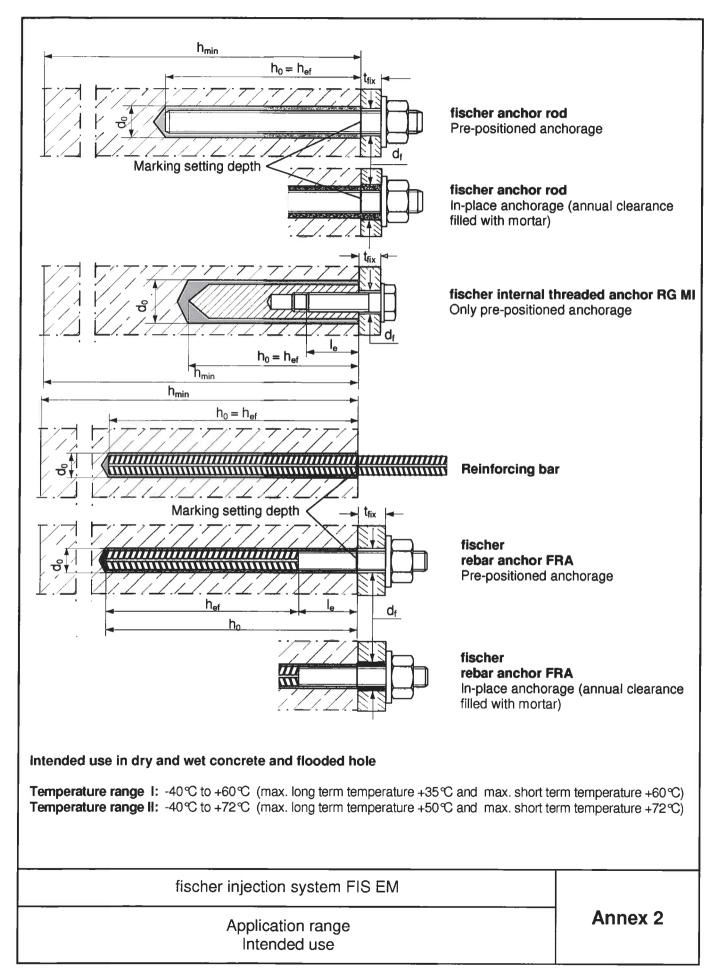
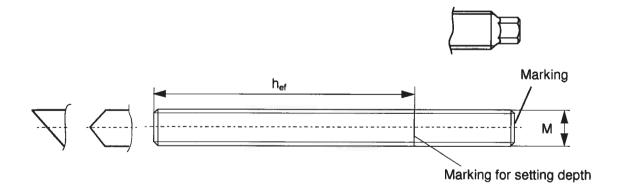




Table 1: Installation parameters for fischer anchor rods

Size		[-]	M8	M10	M12	<u>M</u> 14	M16	M20	M22	M24	M27	M30	
Nominal drill bit diameter	d_0	[mm]	12	14	14	16	18	24	25	28	30	35	
Depth of drill hole	h_0	[mm]		$h_0 = h_{ef}$									
Effective anchorage	h _{ef,min}	[mm]	60	60	70	75	80	90	93	96	108	120	
depth	$h_{\text{ef,max}}$	[mm]	160	200	240	280	320	400	440	480	540	600	
Minimum spacing and minimum edge distance	S _{min} = C _{min}	[mm]	40	45	55	60	65	85	95	105	120	140	
pre- Diameter of position clearance hole anchor	•	[mm]	9	12	14	16	18	22	24	26	30	33	
in the fixture In-place anchor.	n.	[mm]	14	16	16	18	20	26	28	30	33	40	
Minimum thickness of concrete member	h _{min}	[mm]		h _{ef} +	- 30 (≥1	00)			r	n _{ef} + 2d	0		
Maximum torque moment	T _{inst,max}	[Nm]	10	20	40	50	60	120	135	150	200	300	
Thickness of fixture	$t_{\text{fix,min}}$	[mm] [mm]					30					-	

fischer anchor rod:



Marking:

Property class 8.8 or high corrosion-resistant steel, property class 80: • Stainless steel A4, property class 50 and high corrosion-resistant steel, property class 50: • •

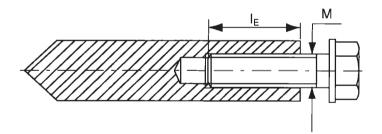
fischer injection system FIS EM	
fischer anchor rod Installation parameters and dimensions	Annex 3

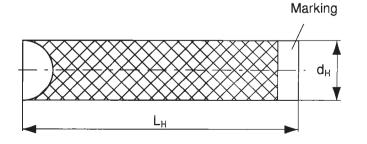


Table 2: Installation parameters fischer internal threaded anchors RG MI

Size			M8	M10	M12	M16	M20
Diameter of anchor	d _H	[mm]	12	16	18	22	28
Nominal drill bit diameter	d_0	[mm]	14	18	20	24	32
Length of anchor	L_H	[mm]	90	90	125	160	200
Effective anchorage depth h _{ef} and drill hole depth h ₀	$h_{ef} = h_0$	[mm]	90	90	125	160	200
Minimum spacing and minimum edge distance	S _{min} = C _{min}	[mm]	55	65	75	95	125
Diameter of clearance hole in the fixture	d _f	[mm]	9	12	14	18	22
Minimum thickness of concrete member	h _{min}	[mm]	120	125	165	205	260
Screw-in depth -	$I_{E,min}$	[mm]	8	10	12	16	20
ociew-iii deptii	$I_{E,max}$	[mm]	18	23	26	35	45
Maximum torque moment	T _{inst,max}	[Nm]	10	20	40	80	120

fischer internal threaded anchor RG MI





Marking: anchor size

e. g.: M10

Stainless steel additional A4

e. g.: M10 A4

High corrosion-resistant steel additional C

e. g.: M10 C

fischer	injection	system	FIS	EM
			_	

fischer internal threaded anchors RG MI Installation parameters and dimensions



Table 3: Materials: anchor rods, threaded rods, washers, hexagon nuts and screws

		Material	,
Designation	Steel, zinc plated	Stainless steel A4	High corrosion-
		<u> </u>	resistant steel C
Anchor rod	Property class 5.8 or 8.8;	Property class 50 or 70	Property class 50 or 80
	EN ISO 20898-1 zinc plated	EN ISO 3506	EN ISO 3506
	≥ 5µm, EN ISO 4042 A2K or	1.4401; 1.4404; 1.4578;	or property class 70 with
	hot-dip galvanised	1.4571; 1.4439; 1.4362	$f_{yk} = 560 \text{ N/mm}^2$
	EN ISO 10684	EN 10088 or	1.4529; 1.4565
		1.4062 pr EN 10088:2011	EN 10088
Washer	Zinc plated ≥ 5µm,	1.4401; 1.4404; 1.4578;	1.4529; 1.4565
EN ISO 7089	EN ISO 4042 A2K or hot-dip	1.4571; 1.4439; 1.4362	EN 10088
	galvanised EN ISO 10684	EN 10088	
Hexagon nut	Property class 5.8 or 8.8;	Property class 50 or 70	Property class 50, 70 or
according to	EN ISO 20898-1 zinc plated	EN ISO 3506	80
EN 24032	≥ 5µm, EN ISO 4042 A2K or	1.4401; 1.4404; 1.4578;	EN ISO 3506
	hot-dip galvanised	1.4571; 1.4439; 1.4362	1.4529; 1.4565
	EN ISO 10684	EN 10088	EN 10088
Screw or threaded	Property class 5.8 or 8.8;	Property class 70	Property class 70
rod for internal	EN ISO 20898-1 zinc plated	EN ISO 3506	EN ISO 3506
threaded anchor	≥ 5µm, EN ISO 4042 A2K or	1.4401; 1.4404; 1.4578;	1.4529; 1.4565
RG MI	hot-dip galvanised	1.4571; 1.4439; 1.4362	EN 10088
	EN ISO 10684	EN 10088	

Table 4: Maximum permissible processing times and minimum curing times

System temperature $[\mathfrak{C}]$	Max. processing time [minutes]	Minimum curing time ¹⁾ [hours]
+5 to +10	120	40
≥ +10 to +20	30	18
≥ +20 to +30	14	10
≥ +30 to +40	7	5

 $^{^{\}rm 1)}\,{\rm ln}$ wet concrete or flooded holes the curing times must be doubled.

fischer injection system FIS EM	
Materials Processing times, curing times	Annex 5



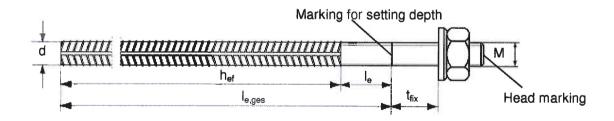
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	25	8	ق ا	100	200	110					de-coi	C	,	≥ 1,15	< 1,35	≥ 7,5	est			
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metel	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	S _{min} = C _{min} [mm]	[mm]			: refer					$\left \right $	mnm	-		2 W /\	0,05
n para	p Ø	ဗိ	h	h _{ef,min} [mm]	h _{ef,max} [mm]	Smin	h _{min}			cement			strength	- (6./ 6.)	- ('t' 'yk	at maxi		from /idual ba	ative rib	
Table 5: Installation parameters reinforcing bars	Nominal bar size	Nominal drill bit diameter	Drill hole depth	Effective	anchorage depth	Minimum spacing and minimum edge distance	Minimum thickness of concrete member	Reinforcing bar		Properties of reinforcement: refer to EN 19	Product form	Class	Characteristic yield strength	Minimum value of $k = (\xi / \xi)$		Characteristic strain at maximum force	Bentability	Maximum deviation from nominal mass (individual bar)	Bond: minimum relative rib area, f _{R,min} (determination according to EN 15630)	Rib height h: The rib height h must be d = nominal bar size
						fisch	er inje	ctio	n syste	m Fl	S E	M								<u>.</u>
							Installa	atio	rcing b n parar iterials	ars neter	s								A	nnex 6



Table 6: Installation parameters fischer rebar anchor FRA

Threaded diameter			M12	M16	M20	M24			
Nominal bar size	d	[mm]	12	16	20	25			
Nominal drill bit diameter	d ₀	[mm]	16	20	25	30			
Depth of drill hole $(h_0 = I_{qes})$	h ₀	[mm]		h	ef + le				
Effective anchorage depth	h _{ef,min}	[mm]	70	80	90	96			
Enective anchorage depth	h _{ef,max}	[mm]	140	220	300	380			
Distance concrete surface to welded join	l _e	[mm]			100				
Minimum spacing and minimum edge distance	S _{min} =C _{min}	[mm]	55	65	85	105			
Diameter of clearance hole in the fixture	pre-positioned anchorage d _f	[mm]	14	18	22	26			
	in-place anchorage d _f	[mm]	18	22	26	96 380			
Minimum thickness of concrete member	h _{min}	[mm]		h _o -	+ 2 d ₀				
Maximum torque moment	T _{inst,max}	[Nm]	40	60	120	150			
Thickness of the fixture	minimum t _{fix}	[mm]			0				
The lixture	maximum t _{fix}	[mm]		3	000	32			

fischer rebar anchor FRA



Head marking e.g.:

FRA (for stainless steel);
FRA C (for high corrosion-resistant steel)

fischer injection system FIS EM	
fischer rebar anchor FRA Installation parameters	Annex 7



Drilling and cleaning the hole (hammer-drilling)

Drill the hole.

Drill hole diameter **d**₀ and drill hole depth **h**₀

see Tables 1, 2, 5 or 6.

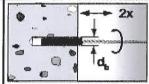
2



Clean the drill hole: Blow out the drill hole two times, using oil-free compressed air (P > 6bar)

compressed air (P > 6bar)

3



Brush the drill hole two times. For drill hole \geq 30 mm use a power drill. For deep holes use an extension.

7/////////3 id ₀ [m m	12	14	16 18	20		25		30	32	35	40	45	55
d _b [mm]	14	16	20	25	26	27	30		40		42	47	58

4



Clean the drill hole: Blow out the drill hole two times, using oil-free

compressed air (P > 6bar)

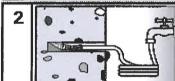
Drilling and cleaning the hole (diamond-drilling)



Drill the hole.
Drill hole diameter do and drill hole depth hole see **Tables 1, 2, 5 or 6**



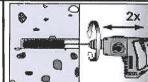
Break the drill core and draw it out.



Flush the drill hole until the water comes clear.

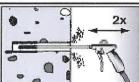


Blow out the drill hole two times, using oil-free compressed air (P > 6bar)



Brush the drill hole two times using a power drill. Corresponding brushes see "hammer-drilling"

5



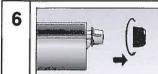
Blow out the drill hole two times, using oil-free compressed air (P > 6bar)

fischer injection system FIS EM

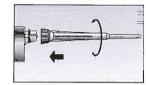
Installation instructions Part 1



Preparing the cartridge



Twist off the sealing cap



Twist on the static mixer (the spiral in the static mixer must be clearly visible).

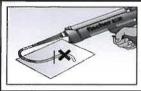






Place the cartridge into the applicator gun.



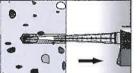




Press approx. 10 cm of material out until the resin is evenly grey in colour. Don't use mortar that is not uniformly grey.

Injection of the mortar

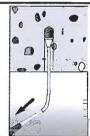
9



Fill approx. 2/3 of the drill hole with mortar. Always begin from the bottom of the hole and avoid bubbles.



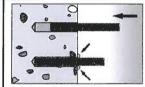
For drill hole depth ≥ 150 mm use an extension hose.

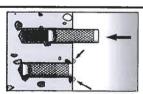


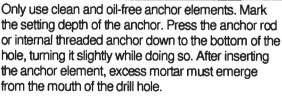
For overhead installation, deep holes $h_0 > 250$ mm or drill hole diameter $d_0 \ge 40$ mm use an injection-adapter.

Installation fischer anchor rods or internal threaded anchors RG MI

10









For overhead installations support the anchor rod with wedges.



For in-place anchorage fill the annual clearance with mortar.

11



Wait for the specified curing time, t_{cure} see **Table 4**.



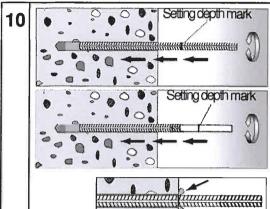
Mounting the fixture
T_{inst,max} see **Table 1 or 2**

fischer injection system FIS EM

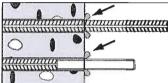
Installation instructions Part 2



Installation reinforcing bars and fischer FRA



Only use clean and oil-free rebars. Mark the setting depth of the reinforcing bar. Using a turning movement, push the reinforcement bar or the FRA vigorously into the filled hole up to the insertion depth marking.

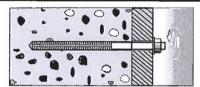


When reaching the setting depth mark, excess mortar must emerge from the mouth of the drill hole.

11



Wait for the specified curing time t_{cure} see **Table 4**.



Mounting the fixture T_{inst,max} see **Table 6.**

fischer injection system FIS EM

Installation instructions Part 3



Size			M8	M10	M12	M14	M16	M20	M22	M24	M27	M30
Steel failure				,							741227	
	Property	5.8 [kN]	19	29	43	58	79	123	152	177	230	281
Characteristics Stainless steed Stainless steed Stainless steed A4 High corrosion resistant steel	class	8.8 [kN]	30	47	68	92	126	196	243	282	368	449
Characteristics Stainless stee	, ,	50 [kN]	19	29	43	58	79	123	152	177	230	281
A4 Earlo	class	70 [kN]	26	41	59	81	110	172	212	247	322	393
世		50 [kN] 70 ⁵⁾ [kN]	19	29	43	58	79	123	152	177	230	281
C e residantsieur	class	70 ⁵⁾ [kN]	26 30	41	59 68	81 92	110 126	172 196	212 243	247 282	322 368	393 449
	Property	5.8 [-]	30	47	00	52	1,		243	202	300	449
≿ ∽	class	8.8 [-]			-		1,					
Stainless stee	Property	50 [-]		-			2,8					
Partial safety A4 High corrosion	class	70 [-]					1,8	37				
High corrosion	n Property	50 [-]					2,8					
- 1000000110000	class	70 ⁵⁾ [-]					1,5					
Combined pull		80 [-]					1,6	00				_
Diameter of calcul		d [mm]	8	10	12	14	16	20	22	24	1 07	T 00
Characteristic				_			10	20	22	24	_27	30
hammer-drilling			donce	· conoi		0/20						
Temperature rang	e l	FN 1 / 21	16	10	15	14	14	10	10	10	10	10
(60℃/35℃)	τ _{Rk,uc}	_r [N/mm²]	16	16	15	14	14	13	13	13	12	12
Temperature rang	e II τ _{Rk.uc}	. [N/mm²]	15	14	14	13	13	12	12	12	11	11
(72°C/50°C)								\ <u></u>	12	12	l. ''.	
Characteristic b			аскеа	concre	ete C2t	J/25						
emperature range			T	Τ		T				T		T
60℃/35℃)	τ _{Rk,uc}	_{er} [N/mm²]	16	16	15	13	13	11	11	10	10	9
emperature range	e II	_{er} [N/mm²]	15	14	14	13	12	11	10	10	9	9
72°C/50°C)	τ _{Rk,uc}						12		10	10	9	
Characteristic b			acked	concre	ete C20	0/25						
diamond-drilling Temperature rang				1		1	Τ.		<u> </u>			Γ
(60°C/35°C)	τ _{Rk,uc}	_r [N/mm²]	16	15	13	12	12	10	10	10	9	9
Temperature rang	e II	Ph 17: 2-	4-		1.0	4.4	1.	1.5				_
(72℃/50℃)	τ _{Rk,uc}		15	14	12	11	11	10	9	9	8	8
Characteristic be			cked	concre	te C20	/25						•
diamond-drilling	<u> </u>	ole)		1	1			1	1			_
Temperature rang	eί τ _{Rk,uc}	_r [N/mm²]	16	15	13	12	12	10	10	10	9	9
				-							-	<u> </u>
(60 ℃/35 ℃)	U 11	, [N/mm²]	15	14	12	11	11	10	9	9	8	8
Temperature rang	₹ _{Rk,uc}				1		1		-		o3)	1
Temperature rang (72℃/50℃)	τ _{Rk,uc}	<u> </u>				-2)				1	8 ³⁾	
Temperature rang (72℃/50℃) Partial safety				•	1,	5 ²⁾				٠,		
Temperature rang 72℃/50℃) Partial safety actor	Dry and we concrete	t [-]			1,	5 ²⁾	2	1 ⁴⁾				
Temperature rang (72 $^{\circ}$ C/50 $^{\circ}$ C) Partial safety actor $\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Msp}^{1}$	Dry and we concrete Flooded hol	t [-]						1 ⁴⁾				
Temperature rang (72 °C/50 °C) Partial safety actor $\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Msp}^{1}$ If no other nation	Dry and we concrete Flooded holonal regulation	t [-] le [-] ons exist.			²⁾ The	partial	safety f	factor γ	2 = 1,0	is inclu	ded.	
Temperature rang (72 °C/50 °C) Partial safety actor $\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Msp}^{1}$ If no other nation	Dry and we concrete Flooded holonal regulation	t [-] le [-] ons exist.	ed.		²⁾ The	partial	safety f	factor γ	2 ₂ = 1,0 2 ₂ = 1,4		ded.	
Temperature rang 72 °C/50 °C) Partial safety actor $γ_{Mp} = γ_{Mo} = γ_{Msp}^{1}$	Dry and we concrete Flooded holonal regulation	t [-] le [-] ons exist.	ed.		²⁾ The	partial	safety f	factor γ	2 = 1,0 2 = 1,4	is inclu	ded.	
Temperature rang (72 °C/50 °C) Partial safety actor $\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Msp}^{1}$ If no other nation	Dry and we concrete Flooded holonal regulation ety factor γ_2 : $f_{yk} = 560$	t [-] le [-] ons exist. = 1,2 is include N/mm²		_	²⁾ The ⁴⁾ The	partial	safety f	factor γ	2 ₂ = 1,0 2 ₂ = 1,4	is inclu	ded.	
Temperature rang (72 °C/50 °C) Partial safety actor $\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Msp}^{1}$ If no other nation	Dry and we concrete Flooded holonal regulation ety factor γ_2 : $f_{yk} = 560$	t [-] le [-] ons exist.		_	²⁾ The ⁴⁾ The	partial	safety f	factor γ	2 = 1,0 2 = 1,4	is inclu	ded.	
Temperature rang (72 °C/50 °C) Partial safety actor $\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Msp}^{1}$ If no other nation	Dry and we concrete Flooded holonal regulation ety factor γ_2 : $f_{yk} = 560$	t [-] le [-] ons exist. = 1,2 is include N/mm²		_	²⁾ The ⁴⁾ The	partial	safety f	factor γ	2 = 1,0 2 = 1,4	is inclu	ded. ded.	
Temperature rang (72 °C/50 °C) Partial safety actor $M_{\rm Mp} = \gamma_{\rm Mc} = \gamma_{\rm Msp}^{1)}$ If no other nation	Dry and we concrete Flooded holonal regulation ety factor γ_2 : $f_{yk} = 560$	t [-] le [-] ons exist. = 1,2 is include N/mm²	syster	m FIS	²⁾ The ⁴⁾ The	partial	safety f	factor γ	2 = 1,0 2 = 1,4	is inclu	ded.	1

Deutsches Institut für **Bautechnik**

2,1⁴⁾

English translation prepared by DIBt

Table 7.1: Ch	naracteristic	values to t	ensioi	n tisch	er an	cnor r	oas					
Size			М8	M10	M12	M14	M16	M20	M22	M24	M27	M30
Characteristic b					20/25							•
Temperature range (60 °C/35 °C)	el τ _{Rk,cr}	[N/mm ²]	7	7	7	7	6	6	7	7	7	7
Temperature range (72°C/50°C)	τ _{Rk,cr}	[N/mm²]	7	7	7	7	6	6	7	7	7	7
Characteristic b Hammer and dia	amond drilling			rete C2	20/25							
Temperature range (60 °C/35 °C)	el τ _{Rk,cr}	[N/mm²]	7	9	9	8	8	7	7	6	6	6
Temperature range (72 °C/50 °C)	e II τ _{Rk,cr}	[N/mm²]	7	8	8	8	7	7	6	6	6	6
		C25/30 [-]	1,02									
tt tt		C30/37 [-]	1,04									
Increasing factor	$\Psi_{\mathbf{c}}$	C35/45 [-]	1,06									
for τ_{Rk}	0	C40/50 [-]	1,07									
		C45/55 [-] C50/60 [-]	1,08									
Onlitting failure		1,09										
Splitting failure	h / h _{ef} ≥ 2,0											
Edge distance												
c _{cr,sp} [mm]	2,0 h / h _{ef} ≥ 1,3 h / h _{ef} ≤ 1,3		4,6 h _{ef} – 1,8 h 2,26 h _{ef}									
Spacing		S _{cr,sp} [mm]	_				2 c					
Partial safety factor	Dry and wet concrete	[-]			1,8	5 ²⁾		cr,sp		1,8	3 ³⁾	_
iacioi -												

 $\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Msp}^{-1)}$

Flooded hole

[-]

fischer injection system FIS EM Annex 12 fischer anchor rods Characteristic values to tension load

¹⁾ If no other national regulations exist. ²⁾ The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1,0$ is included. ³⁾ The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1,2$ is included. ⁴⁾ The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1,4$ is included.



							<u> </u>							_
Size	ble 8: Charac	cteristic v	alues	to sh	ear Io	ad of 1	M12	manch	or roc	M20	M22	M24	M27	M30
Ste	el failure witho													
. v		Property	5.8	[kN]	9	15	21	29	39	61	76	89	115	141
Stic.		class	8.8	[kN]	15	23	34	46	63	98	122	141	184	225
Characteristic esistance V _{Rks}	Stainless	Property	50	[kN]	9	15	21	29	39	61	76	89	115	141
rac tan	steel A4	class	70	[kN]	13	20	30	40	55	86	107	124	161	197
Sha Siss	High corrosion resistant	Property	$\frac{50}{70^{3)}}$	[kN]	9	15	21	29	39	61	76	89	115	141
Ο <u>Φ</u>	steel C	class	80	[kN] [kN]	13 15	20	30 34	40 46	55 63	86 98	107 122	124	161	197
Stee	el failure with I	ever arm	- 00	[KIN]	1 15	20	34	40] 63	L 90	122	141	184	225
	<u> </u>	Property	5.8	[Nm]	19	37	65	104	166	324	447	560	833	1123
Characteristic bending moment M ^{Rks}		class	8.8	[Nm]	30	60	105	167	266	519	716	896	1333	1797
돌	Stainless	Property	50	[Nm]	19	37	65	104	166	324	447	560	833	1123
eris me	steel A4	class	70	[Nm]	26	52	92	146	232	454	626	784	1167	1573
19 gg	High corrosion	Droporti	50	[Nm]	19	37	65	104	166	324	447	560	833	1123
E E	resistant	Property class	70 ³⁾	[Nm]	26	52	92	146	232	454	626	784	1167	1573
	steel C		80	[Nm]	30	60	105	167	266	519	716	896	1333	1797
Part	ial safety facto													
		Property	5.8	[-]_						25				
		class	8.8	[-]						25				
. 1)	Stainless	Property	50	<u>[-]</u>					2,					
YMs,V	Steel A4	class	class 70 [-] 1,56											
	High corrosion resistant	Property 50 [-] 2,38 1,25												
	steel C	1,25							_					
Con	crete pryout fa	ailura	00		Ь				I,	33				
	k in Equation (
Techn	ical Report TR n 5.2.3.3		k	[-]					2,0	00				
Partial	safety factor	-	γ _{Mcp} 1)	[-]					1,5	5 ²⁾		_		
Cor	ncrete edge fai	lure	•			Se	e Tech	nical R	eport T	R 029	Section	n 5.2.3	.4	
	safety factor		γ _{Mc} ¹⁾	[-]					1,5	5 ²⁾				
1) In ab	sence of other	national re	gulatio	ns.			$^{3)} f_{uk} = 7$	700 N/r	nm²; f _v	k = 560	N/mm	2		
²⁾ The	partial safety fa le 9: Displac	actor $\gamma_2 = 1$,0 is ind	cluded										
Size					M8	M10	M12	B#14	MAG	MOO	MAGO	B40.4	1407	MOO
	n-cracked and	cracked c	oncrei	e ton				M14	M16	M20	M22	M24	M27	M30
	cement		nm/(N/r		-	0,08	0,09	0,09	0,10	0,11	0,11	0,12	0,12	0,13
	cement		nm/(N/r			0,12	0,13	0,14	0,15	0,16	0,17	0,12	0,12	0,19
	ulation of chara								0,10	0,10	0,17	0,10	0,19	0,13
	ole 10: Displa						04,	•	ad					
Size)				M8	M10	M12	M14	M16	M20	M22	M24	M27	M30
Displac	cement		δ_{V0} [mr	n/kN]	0,18	0,15	0,12	0,10	0,09	0,07	0,07	0,06	0,05	0,05
Displac	cement		δ _{v∝} [mr	n/kN]	0,27	0,22	0,18	0,16	0,14	0,11	0,10	0,09	0,08	0,07
Calc	ulation of chara	ecteristic di	splace	ment v	vith δ _V =	= (δ _{V0} •	V _{Sd}) /	1,4						
		fische	r inje	ction	syster	n FIS	EM		-					_
			fisch	er an	chor re	ods		<u> </u>				A n. n	OV 4	9
		Charac					heal					ANN	ex 1	3
		Julaiac					ivau							
			וט	prace	ement	>								

Deutsches
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für
Bautechnik

Size				M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20
Steel failure			-		h	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Characteristic		operty 5.8		19	29	43	79	123
resistance with	N _{Rk,s} cla			29	47	68	108	179
screw	Et	operty A4	[kN]	26	41	59	110	172
	_	ss 70 C	[kN]	26	41	59	110	172
		operty 5.8				1,50		
Partial safety	1) <u>cla</u>					1 <u>,</u> 50		
factor		operty A4				1,87		
		ss 70 C	[-]_			1,87	·	
Combined pullout a								-
Diameter of calculati		d _H	[mm]	12	16	18	22	28
Effective anchorage		h _{ef}	[mm]	90	90	125	160	200
Characteristic bond		<u>in non-cracke</u>	<u>d concre</u>					
Temperature range		$ au_{ m Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm ²]	15	14	14	13	12
Temperature range	II (72 ℃/50℃)	$ au_{Rk,ucr}$	$[N/mm^2]$	14	13	13	12	11
Characteristic bon		in non-crack					oded hole)	
Temperature range	,	$ au_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm ²]	14	12	12	11	10
Temperature range I		τ _{Rk,ucr}	[N/mm ²]	13	12	11	10	9
Characteristic bon		in non-cracke		ete C20/25,	diamond-	drilling (dr	y and wet c	oncrete
Temperature range l		$ au_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/m m ²]	13	12	11	10	9
Temperature range I			[N/m m ²]	12	11	10	9	8
Characteristic bond	d resistance	in non-cracke	d concre	te C20/25,	diamond-c	drilling (flo	oded hole)	
Temperature range I		$ au_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm ²]	13	12	11	10	9
Temperature range I	I (72°C/50°C)		$[N/mm^2]$	12	11	10	9	8
Characteristic bond								
Temperature range I		$ au_{Rk,cr}$	$[N/mm^2]$	7	6	6	7	7
Temperature range I			[N/mm ²]	7	6	6	7	7
Characteristic bond				20/25. Hamr			na (flooded	hole)
Temperature range I		τ _{Rk,cr}	[N/mm ²]	8	8	7	7	6
Temperature range I			[N/mm ²]	8	7	7	6	6
	(C25/30	[-]		<u> </u>	1,02		
		C30/37	[-]	-		1,04	-	
Increasing factors		C35/45	[-]	<u> </u>		1,06		
for N _{Rk}	Ψ_{c}	C40/50	[-]	*		1,07		
		C45/55	[-]			1,08	-	
		C50/60	[-]		_	1,09		_
Splitting failure				·	-	.,00		
	-	h/h	n _{ef} ≥ 2,0	-		1,0 h _{ef}		
Edge distance	c _{cr,sp} [mm]	2,0 > h/h			4	,6 h _{ef} – 1,8	h	
0	01,001		n _{ef} ≤ 1,3			2,26 h _{ef}		
Spacing			p [mm]			2 C _{cr,sp}		
Partial safety	dry and we concrete		[-]		1,5 ²⁾	21135	1,8	3 ³⁾
factor $\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Msp}^{1}$	flooded hol	е	[-]		<u>-</u>	2,1 ⁴⁾		
1) If no other nation 2) The partial safety				³⁾ The pa	artial safety rtial safety f	factor $\gamma_2 = 1$	1,2 is includ	ded. ed
	fischer	injection sys	stem FIS	S EM	_			
		rnal threade					Anne	x 14



Table 12: Characteristic values to shear load fischer internal threaded anchors RG MI

Size					M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	
Steel failure withou	ut lever ar	m		•		***************************************				
Characteristic		Property	5.8	[kN]	9,2	14,5	21,1	39,2	62	
resistance	V	class	8.8	[kN]	14,6	23,2	33,7	54,0	90	
resistance	$V_{Rk,s}$	Property	A4	[kN]	12,8	20,3	29,5	54,8	86	
		class 70	С	[kN]	12,8	20,3	29,5	54,8	86	
		Property	5.8	[-]			1,25			
Partial safety	$\gamma_{ m Ms,V}^{1)}$	_class	8.8	[-]			1,25			
factor	γ Ms, V	Property	A4	[-]			1,56			
		class 70	С	[-]	-		1,56		-	
Steel failure with I	ever arm				_					
Characteristic bending moment	M ⁰ _{Rk,s}	Property	5.8	[Nm]	20	39	68	173	337	
		class	8.8	[Nm]	30	60	105	266	519	
bending moment		Property	A4	[Nm]	26	52	92	232	454	
		class 70	С	[Nm]	26	52	92	232	454	
		Property	5.8	[-]			1,25			
Partial safety	24	class	8.8	[-]	1,25					
factor	γMs, V	Property	_ A4	[-]	1,56					
class 70			C	[-]			1,56		_	
Concrete pryout										
Factor k in Equation				[-]	·		2,0			
Report TR 029, Sec		3		[-]						
Partial safety factor	· 		γмс	¹⁾ [-]			1,5 ²⁾		•	
Concrete edge f	ailure				See T	<mark>echnical</mark> Re	port TR 02	9, Section 5	5.2.3.4	
Partial safety factor		-	γν	10 [-]			1,5 ²⁾			

¹⁾ In absence of other national regulations.

Table 13: Displacements of fischer internal threaded anchors RG MI to tension load

Size	M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20
Non-cracked concrete and cracked con	crete; temperature range	e I and II			
Displacement δ_{N0}	$[mm/(N/mm^2)]$ 0,09	0,10	0,10	0,11	0,13
Displacement $\delta_{N^{\infty}}$	$[mm/(N/mm^2)]$ 0,13	0,15	0,15	0,17	0,19

Calculation of characteristic displacement with $\delta_N = (\delta_{N0} \bullet \tau_{Sd}) / 1,4$

Table 14: Displacements of fischer internal threaded anchors RG MI to shear load

Size	M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20
Displacement δ_{V0} [mm/kN]	0,12	0,09	0,08	0,07	0,05
Displacement $\delta_{V\infty}$ [mm/kN]	0,18	0,14	0,12	0,10	0,08

Calculation of characteristic displacement with $\delta_V = (\delta_{V0} \bullet V_{Sd}) / 1,4$

fischer injection system FIS EM	
fischer internal threaded anchors RG MI Characteristic values to shear load	Annex 15
Displacements	

²⁾ The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is included.

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### distriction of the control of th	resistance in cracked $\frac{\alpha}{\Gamma_{RK,gr}}$ $\frac{\alpha}{\Gamma_{RK,gr}}$ $\frac{7}{\Gamma_{RK,gr}}$ $\frac{7}{\Gamma$	cteristic bond resistance in cracked statute range $(N/mm^2)^2$ $(N/mm^2)^2$
	cteristic bond resistance in cracked statute range $(N/mm^2)^2$	Size Characteristic bond resistance in cracked Temperature range The perature range The partial safety The partial safety factor $\frac{1}{2}$ 14 is included
	cteristic bond resistance in cracked statute range $(N/mm^2)^2$	Size Characteristic bond resistance in cracked Temperature range The perature range The partial safety The partial safety factor $\frac{1}{2}$ 14 is included
	cteristic bond resistance in cracked statute range $(N/mm^2)^2$	Size Characteristic bond resistance in cracked Temperature range The perature range The partial safety The partial safety factor $\frac{1}{2}$ 14 is included
	cteristic bond resistance in cracked statute range $(N/mm^2)^2$	Size Characteristic bond resistance in cracked Temperature range Tengerature range Tengerature range Tengerature range Tengerature range Tengerature range Temperature range
	cteristic bond resistance in cracked statute range $(N/mm^2)^2$	Size Characteristic bond resistance in cracked Temperature range Tengerature range Tengerature range Tengerature range Tengerature range Tengerature range Temperature range
	cteristic bond resistance in cracked statute range $(N/mm^2)^2$	Size Characteristic bond resistance in cracked Temperature range Tengerature range Tengerature range Tengerature range Tengerature range Tengerature range Temperature range
	cteristic bond resistance in cracked statute range $(N/mm^2)^2$	Size Characteristic bond resistance in cracked Temperature range Tengerature range Temperature range
Cabia Cabi	Size Characteristic bond resistance in cra Temperature range Characteristic bond range in concrete in cra Tor the concrete Characteristic bond wet in concrete in con	fischer injection system FIS EM
	Table 15.1: Che Size Characteristic bon Temperature range (60 °C/35 °C) Temperature range (72 °C/50 °C) Characteristic bon Temperature range (72 °C/50 °C) The partial safety factor The values given Other reinforcing (1) In absence of ott (2) The partial safety (3) The partial safety (4) The partial safety (4) The partial safety (4) The partial safety (5) The partial safety (6) The partial safety (72 °C/50 °C)	fischer injection system FIS EM

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				M12	M16	M20	M24
Steel failure							
Characteristic res		N _{Rk,s}		68	126	196	283
Partial safety fac		γMs,N) [-]	4	1,	87	
	out and concrete fail		r 7				
Diameter of calcu		d	[mm]	12	16	20	25
	ond resistance in no i (dry and wet concre		a concrete C	20/25			
	ge I (60 °C/35 °C)		[N/m m ²]	15	14	13	13
	ge II (72℃/50℃)	$ au_{ m Rk,uc}$		14	13	12	12
	ond resistance in no				10	12	12
hammer-drilling		on ordene	d concrete o	20,25			
	ge I (60°C/35°C)	$ au_{ m Rk,uci}$	[N/m m ²]	15	13	11	10
	ge II (72℃/50℃)	τ _{Rk,uci}		14	12	11	10
	ond resistance in no	on-cracke		20/25	<u> </u>		
	g (dry and wet concr						
	ge I (60℃/35℃)	$ au_{Rk,ucr}$		13	12	10	10
emperature range II (72 ℃/50 ℃) τ _{Rk,ucr} [N/mm²] 12 11							9
	ond resistance in no	on-cracke	d concrete C	20/25			
diamond-drilling						 	_
	ge I(60℃/35℃)	$ au_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm ²]	13	12	10	10
	ge II (72°C/50°C)	$ au_{ m Rk,ucr}$		12	11	10	9_
Hammer and dia	ond resistance in cr amond drilling (dry		oncrete)				
	ge I (60℃/35℃)	$ au_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	7	6	6	7
	ge II (72°C/50°C)	$ au_{ m Rk,cr}$	[N/m m ²]	7	6	6	7
	ond resistance in cr			5.			
	amond drilling (floo		7				
Temperature rand	ge I (60℃/35℃)	$ au_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	8	8	7	6
	~~ II /7000/E000\						
	ge II (72℃/50℃)	$ au_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	8_	7		6
	ge II (72℃/50℃)	τ _{Rk,cr}	C25/30 [-]	8	1,0)2	6
Temperature ran	,	τ _{Rk,cr}	C25/30 [-] C30/37 [-]	8	1,0)2)4	6
Temperature rang	,	$ au_{ ext{Rk,cr}}$ - $ au_{ ext{c}}$	C25/30 [-] C30/37 [-] C35/45 [-]	8	1,0 1,0 1,0)2)4)6	6
	,	-	C25/30 [-] C30/37 [-] C35/45 [-] C40/50 [-]	8	1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0)2)4)6)7	
Temperature rang	,	-	C25/30 [-] C30/37 [-] C35/45 [-] C40/50 [-] C45/55 [-]	8	1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,1	02 04 06 07	6
Temperature rang Increasing factors for τ _{Rk}	,	-	C25/30 [-] C30/37 [-] C35/45 [-] C40/50 [-]	8	1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0	02 04 06 07	-
Temperature rang Increasing factors for τ _{Rk}	,	Ψ _c -	C25/30 [-] C30/37 [-] C35/45 [-] C40/50 [-] C45/55 [-]	8	1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,1	02 04 06 07 08	6
Temperature range Increasing factors for τ _{Rk} Splitting failure	,	Ψ _c -	C25/30 [-] C30/37 [-] C35/45 [-] C40/50 [-] C45/55 [-] C50/60 [-]	8	1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 4,6 h _{ef}	02 04 06 07 08 09 h _{ef} - 1,8 h	6
Temperature range Increasing factors for τ _{Rk} Splitting failure Edge distance	S	Ψ _c -	C25/30 [-] C30/37 [-] C35/45 [-] C40/50 [-] C45/55 [-] C50/60 [-] h / h _{ef} \geq 2,0 h / h _{ef} \leq 1,3 h / h _{ef} \leq 1,3	8	1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0	02 04 06 07 08 09 h _{ef} - 1,8 h	6
Temperature range Increasing factors for τ _{Rk} Splitting failure Edge distance Spacing	c _{cr,sp} [mm]	Ψ _c -	C25/30 [-] C30/37 [-] C35/45 [-] C40/50 [-] C45/55 [-] C50/60 [-] h / h _{ef} \geq 2,0 h / h _{ef} \leq 1,3 [mm]	8	1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 4,6 h _{ef} 2,26	02 04 06 07 08 09 h _{ef} - 1,8 h	
Temperature range Increasing factors for \(\tau_{Rk}\) Splitting failure Edge distance Spacing Partial safety	c _{cr,sp} [mm]	Ψ _c -	C25/30 [-] C30/37 [-] C35/45 [-] C40/50 [-] C45/55 [-] C50/60 [-] h / h _{ef} \geq 2,0 h / h _{ef} \leq 1,3 [mm]	8	1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 4,6 h _{ef}	02 04 06 07 08 09 h _{ef} - 1,8 h	1,8 ³⁾
Temperature range Increasing factors for \(\tau_{Rk}\) Splitting failure Edge distance Spacing Partial safety factor	c _{cr,sp} [mm]	$\Psi_{\rm c}$ = 2,0 >	C25/30 [-] C30/37 [-] C35/45 [-] C40/50 [-] C45/55 [-] C50/60 [-] h / $h_{ef} \ge 2,0$ h / $h_{ef} > 1,3$ [mm] ete [-]	8	1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 4,6 h _{ef} 2,26 2 c ₀	02 04 06 07 08 09 h _{ef} - 1,8 h	
Temperature range Increasing factors for τ _{Rk} Splitting failure Edge distance Spacing	c _{cr,sp} [mm]	Ψ _c -	C25/30 [-] C30/37 [-] C35/45 [-] C40/50 [-] C45/55 [-] C50/60 [-] h / $h_{ef} \ge 2,0$ h / $h_{ef} > 1,3$ h / $h_{ef} \le 1,3$ [mm] ete [-]	8	1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 4,6 h _{ef} 2,26	02 04 06 07 08 09 h _{ef} - 1,8 h	
Temperature range for τ _{Rk} Splitting failure Edge distance Spacing Partial safety factor factor func = γ _{Mc} = γ _{Msp} In absence	c _{cr,sp} [mm] S _{cr,sp} dry and of other national regu	Ψ_{c} = 2,0 > wet concretion flooded halations.	$\begin{array}{c} \text{C25/30 [-]} \\ \text{C30/37 [-]} \\ \text{C35/45 [-]} \\ \text{C40/50 [-]} \\ \text{C45/55 [-]} \\ \text{C50/60 [-]} \\ \\ \text{h / h}_{ef} \geq 2,0 \\ \text{h / h}_{ef} > 1,3 \\ \text{h / h}_{ef} \leq 1,3 \\ \\ \text{ete} \\ \text{[-]} \\ \text{ole} \\ \text{[-]} \\ \end{array}$	8	1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 4,6 h _{ef} 2,26 2 c ₀	02 04 06 07 08 09 h _{ef} - 1,8 h	
Temperature range Increasing factors for τ _{Rk} Splitting failure Edge distance Spacing Partial safety factor γ _{Mp} = γ _{Mc} = γ _{Msp} ¹⁾ 1) In absence 2) The partial	$c_{cr,sp}$ [mm] $s_{cr,sp}$ dry and of other national regularity factor $\gamma_2 = 1,0$	Ψ _c - 2,0 > wet concr flooded hulations.	C25/30 [-] C30/37 [-] C35/45 [-] C40/50 [-] C45/55 [-] C50/60 [-] h / $h_{ef} \ge 2,0$ h / $h_{ef} > 1,3$ [mm] ete [-] ole [-]	8	1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 4,6 h _{ef} 2,26 2 c ₀	02 04 06 07 08 09 h _{ef} - 1,8 h	
Temperature range Increasing factors for τ _{Rk} Splitting failure Edge distance Spacing Partial safety factor (MD = γMC = γMSD 1) 1) In absence 2) The partial 3) The partial	$c_{cr,sp}$ [mm] $s_{cr,sp}$ dry and of other national regularity factor $\gamma_2 = 1,0$ safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1,2$	Ψ _c - 2,0 > wet concressions included in the concression included in the concression included in the concression included in the concression included incl	C25/30 [-] C30/37 [-] C35/45 [-] C40/50 [-] C45/55 [-] C50/60 [-] h / $h_{ef} \ge 2,0$ h / $h_{ef} > 1,3$ [mm] ete [-] ole [-]	8	1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 4,6 h _{ef} 2,26 2 c ₀	02 04 06 07 08 09 h _{ef} - 1,8 h	
Temperature range Increasing factors for τ _{Rk} Splitting failure Edge distance Spacing Partial safety factor (MD = γMC = γMSD 1) 1) In absence 2) The partial 3) The partial	$c_{cr,sp}$ [mm] $s_{cr,sp}$ dry and of other national regularity factor $\gamma_2 = 1,0$	Ψ _c - 2,0 > wet concressions included in the concression included in the concression included in the concression included in the concression included incl	C25/30 [-] C30/37 [-] C35/45 [-] C40/50 [-] C45/55 [-] C50/60 [-] h / $h_{ef} \ge 2,0$ h / $h_{ef} > 1,3$ [mm] ete [-] ole [-]	8	1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 4,6 h _{ef} 2,26 2 c ₀	02 04 06 07 08 09 h _{ef} - 1,8 h	
Temperature range Increasing factors for τ _{Rk} Splitting failure Edge distance Spacing Partial safety factor (MD = γMC = γMSD 1) 1) In absence 2) The partial 3) The partial	$c_{cr,sp} [mm]$ $s_{cr,sp}$ $dry and$ of other national regularization $\gamma_2 = 1,0$ safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1,2$ safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1,4$ in	Ψ _c 2,0 > wet concr flooded h ulations. is included is included s included	C25/30 [-] C30/37 [-] C35/45 [-] C40/50 [-] C45/55 [-] C50/60 [-] h / $h_{ef} \ge 2,0$ h / $h_{ef} > 1,3$ [mm] ete [-] ole [-]		1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 4,6 h _{ef} 2,26 2 c ₀	02 04 06 07 08 09 h _{ef} - 1,8 h	
Temperature range Increasing factors for τ _{Rk} Splitting failure Edge distance Spacing Partial safety factor (MD = γMC = γMSD 1) 1) In absence 2) The partial 3) The partial	$c_{cr,sp} [mm]$ $s_{cr,sp}$ $dry and$ of other national regularization $\gamma_2 = 1,0$ safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1,2$ safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1,4$ in	Ψ _c 2,0 > wet concr flooded h ulations. is included is included s included	C25/30 [-] C30/37 [-] C35/45 [-] C40/50 [-] C45/55 [-] C50/60 [-] h / $h_{ef} \ge 2,0$ h / $h_{ef} > 1,3$ [mm] ete [-] ole [-]		1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 4,6 h _{ef} 2,26 2 c ₀	02 04 06 07 08 09 h _{ef} - 1,8 h 6 h _{ef} or,sp	1,8 ³⁾
remperature range noreasing factors or τ _{Rk} Splitting failure Edge distance Spacing Partial safety actor (Mp = γ _{Mo} = γ _{Msp} ¹⁾ 1) In absence 2) The partial (3) The partial (3)	$c_{cr,sp}[mm]$ $s_{cr,sp}$ $dry and$ of other national regulately factor $\gamma_2 = 1,0$ safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1,2$ safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1,4$ if	Ψ _c - 2,0 > wet concrete flooded had alations. is included is included strong to the concrete flooded had alations.	C25/30 [-] C30/37 [-] C35/45 [-] C40/50 [-] C45/55 [-] C50/60 [-] h / $h_{ef} \ge 2,0$ h / $h_{ef} > 1,3$ [mm] ete [-] ole [-]		1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 4,6 h _{ef} 2,26 2 c ₀	02 04 06 07 08 09 h _{ef} - 1,8 h 6 h _{ef} or,sp	



Table 20: Characteristic values to shear load fischer rebar anchors FRA

Size			M12	M16	M20	M24
Steel failure						
Characteristic resistance	V _{Rk,s}	[kN]	33,7	63	98	141
Partial safety factor	γMs.V	[-]		1,	56	
Steel failure with lever arm						
Characteristic bending moment	M ⁰ _{Rk,s}	[Nm]	105	266	519	896
Partial safety factor	γMs,V	[-]		1,	56	
Concrete pryout failure						
Factor k in Equation (5.7) of Technical Report TR 029, Section 5.2.3.3	k	[-]		2	,0	
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mcp} 1)	[-]		1,	5 ²⁾	
Concrete edge failure			See Ted	chnical Report	ΓR 029, Section	5.2.3.4
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mc} 1)	[-]		1,	5 ²⁾	

Table 21: Displacements of fischer rebar anchors FRA to tension load

Size	Ø	12	16	20	24			
Non-cracked and cracked concrete; temperature range I and II								
Displacement	$\delta_{N0} [mm/(N/mm^2)]$	0,09	0,10	0,11	0,12			
Displacement	$\delta_{N\infty}$ [mm/(N/mm ²)]	0,13	0,15	0,16	0,18			

Calculation of characteristic displacement with $\delta_N = (\delta_{N0}\, \bullet \, \tau_{Sd})\,/\,1,4$

Table 22: Displacements of fischer rebar anchors FRA to shear load

Size	Ø	12	16	20	24
Displacement	δ_{V0} [mm/kN]	0,12	0,09	0,07	0,06
Displacement	$\delta_{V^{\infty}}$ [mm/kN]	0,18	0,14	0,11	0,09

Calculation of characteristic displacement with $\delta_V = (\delta_{V0} \bullet V_{Sd}) / 1,4$

fischer injection system FIS EM	
fischer rebar anchor FRA	Annex 20
Characteristic values to shear load	
Displacements	

 $^{^{1)}}$ In absence of other national regulations. $^{2)}$ The partial safety factor $\gamma_2=$ 1,0 is included.